

**ABReL EPCCO SERVICES
LIMITED**

2ND ANNUAL REPORT

2023-24

ABREL EPCCO SERVICES LIMITED

Registered Office: A-2, Aditya Birla Centre, S. K. Ahire Marg, Worli, Mumbai - 400 030, Maharashtra, India

Corporate Identity Number: U40108MH2022PLC379924

Phone: +91 22 2499 5000, 6652 5000, Fax: +91 22 2499 5821, 6652 5821

Email: abrelepcco@adityabirla.com

BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

To

The Members of the Company

ABReL EPCCO Services Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 2nd (second) Board of Directors' Report together with Audited Financial Statements of your Company for the year ended March 31, 2024.

1. Financial Summary or highlights

Financial summary or highlights as on March 31, 2024, is as under:

(Rupees in Lakh)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the period ended March 31, 2023, i.e. from 04.04.2022 to 31.03.2023
Total Income	3,985.16	395.13
Less : Total Expenses	3,863.11	380.17
Profit/ (Loss) before Tax	122.05	14.96
Tax Expenses		
Current Tax	106.52	3.84
Deferred Tax	(68.95)	-
Profit/ (Loss) after Tax (A)	84.48	11.12
Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) (B)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the Period (A+B)	84.48	11.12

2. State of the Company's affairs

The Company was incorporated on April 4, 2022, for purpose of providing Engineering, Procurement, Construction, Supervision, Monitoring, Commissioning, services, and other related activities for executing various projects. Currently, the Company is providing the aforesaid services for executing various Renewables Projects in the State of Gujarat, Odisha, Chhattisgarh and Madhya Pradesh.

3. Amounts, if any, which it proposes to carry to any reserves

The Board of Directors do not propose to carry any amount to any reserves.

4. Amount, if any, which it recommends should be paid by way of dividend

Your Directors do not recommend any dividend for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024.

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5. Material changes and commitments after the end of financial year

Between the end of the financial year of the Company as on March 31, 2024, and the date of the Board of Directors report, there are no material changes and commitments, which have any impact on the financial position of the Company.

6. The names of companies which have become or ceased to be its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures or associate companies during the year

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, none of the companies have become or ceased to be the subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies of the Company.

7. Performance and financial position of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Venture Companies

As the Company has no subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures companies as on March 31, 2024, the information related to the performance and financial position of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures as per rule 8(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.

8. Change in the nature of business, if any

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the financial year ended on March 31, 2024.

9. Share Capital

As on March 31, 2024, the Authorized Share Capital and the Issued, Paid-up and Subscribed Capital of the Company stood as:

i. Authorized Share Capital:

Rs. 50,00,000 (Rupees Fifty Lakh Only) divided into 5,00,000 (Five Lakh) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each.

ii. Issued, Paid-up and Subscribed Capital:

Rs.1,00,000 (Rupees One Lakh Only) divided into 10,000 (Ten Thousand) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each.

10. Board of Directors

Mr. Rajesh Shrivastava (DIN: 08757239), Mr. Pawan Kumar Jain (DIN: 07833315) and Mr. Hemant Kadel (DIN: 06990187) were Directors of the Company since incorporation.

During the year, Mr. Pawan Kumar Jain (DIN: 07833315) had resigned from the office of Director of the Company w.e.f. February 01, 2024 pursuant to superannuating from services of Holding Company and Mr. Piyush Maheshwari (DIN: 10442218) was appointed as Additional Director w.e.f.

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February 01, 2024.

All the Directors of your Company have given requisite declarations pursuant to section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 that they are not disqualified to be appointed as Directors of your Company.

Mr. Hemant Kadel (DIN: 06990187) retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment at the ensuing 2nd Annual General Meeting of the Company.

11. Number of meetings of the Board

The details of number of meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company held during the financial year ended on March 31, 2024, and attendance of the Directors at such meetings are as under:

Board of Directors Meetings

Name of Director	Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings held during the year ended March 31, 2024 (DD/MM/YY)			
	05/05/2023	12/07/2023	19/10/2023	22/01/2024
Mr. Rajesh Shrivastava	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Pawan Kumar Jain*	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Hemant Kadel	Yes	Yes	Yes	Leave of absence

* Ceased to be Director w.e.f. February 1, 2024

The gap between two consecutive Board Meetings did not exceed 120 days.

12. Directors' Responsibility Statement

In accordance with the provisions of section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company hereby confirms that -

- In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2024, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along-with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- The Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

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13. Constitution of the Committees of the Board of Directors of the Company

During the financial year 2023-24, the Company was not covered under the ambit of the thresholds under rule 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules 2014 read with rule 6 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and thus the Company was not required to constitute Audit Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company in the said financial year.

14. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

During the financial year 2023-24, the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 related to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) were not applicable to the Company and as such, the details about the CSR Policy as mentioned in section 134(3)(o) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 were not applicable.

15. Disclosure of issue of equity shares with differential rights

During the financial year 2023-24, the Company has not issued equity shares with differential rights as per rule 4 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and as such, reporting requirements as mentioned in rule 4(4) of the said Rules are not applicable.

16. Disclosure of issue of sweat equity shares

During the financial year 2023-24, the Company has not issued sweat equity shares as per section 54 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and as such, reporting requirements as mentioned in rule 8(13) of the said Rules are not applicable.

17. Disclosure of voting rights not exercised by the employees

There is no scheme approved by the Company through special resolution pursuant to section 67(3)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the purchase of, or subscription for, fully paid-up shares in the Company or its holding company and as such, disclosure requirements related to voting rights not exercised by the employees as mentioned in the said section read with rule 16(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 are not applicable.

18. Disclosure of Employees Stock Option Scheme

The Company has not offered shares to its employees under a scheme of employees' stock option scheme pursuant to section 62(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 12 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and as such, the disclosure requirements under rule 12(9) of the said Rules are not applicable.

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19. Key Managerial Personnel

During financial year 2023-24, no Key Managerial Personnel were required to be appointed pursuant to provisions of section 2(51) and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

20. Establishment of vigil mechanism

During the financial year 2023-24, the provision relating to establishment of vigil mechanism for providing adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and directors who avail of the vigil mechanism pursuant to section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 7 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 were not applicable to the Company and as such the reporting requirement as per section 177(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable.

21. Disclosure of receipt of commission by Managing Director or Whole-time Director from holding company or subsidiary company

There is no Managing Director or Whole – Time Director appointed by the Company and hence, the disclosure requirements as per section 197(14) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

22. Statement on Remuneration of Employees as per rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Being an unlisted Company, the provisions of rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

23. Company's policy on Director's appointment and remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel and other employees

During the financial year 2023-24, the Company was not covered under the ambit of the thresholds under rule 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 read with rule 6 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and as such it was not required to constitute the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company.

24. Statutory Auditors

During the financial year 2023-24, the Board at its meeting held on May 5, 2023, had proposed to the members for the appointment of M/s. KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, (Formerly known as Khimji Kunverji & Co. LLP) (ICAI Firm Registration No: 105146W/W100621) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of 1st (first) Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 6th (sixth) Annual General Meeting of the Company. Further, the members at the 1st (first) Annual General Meeting of the Company held on August 1, 2023, confirmed the appointment of M/s. KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, (Formerly known as Khimji Kunverji & Co. LLP) (ICAI Firm Registration No: 105146W/W100621) as the Statutory

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Auditors of the Company for a term of 5 (five) years to hold office from the conclusion of the 1st (first) Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 6th (sixth) Annual General Meeting.

25. Reporting of Fraud by Auditors

There have been no instances of frauds reported by the auditors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, either to the Company or to the Central Government.

26. Auditors' Report

The observations made in the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory and therefore, do not call for any further comments. The Notes to Accounts forming part of the financial statements are also self-explanatory and needs no further explanation.

Further, there are no qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer in the Auditors' Report which requires any explanations or comments by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Further The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 ("the Order") report states that the Internal Financial Controls were required to be enhanced to improve the operational effectiveness of the internal control system.

27. The details in respect of adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements

The management of the company has established adequate internal financial control parameters in line with the size and nature of its business operations. The company is continuously enhancing and improving the operational effectiveness of its internal control system to support the future growth.

Accordingly, the Management has engaged the services of an external professional firm to expediate this process.

28. Risk Management

Your Company recognizes that Risk is an integral part of business and is committed to managing the risk in a pro-active and efficient manner. Accordingly, the Board of Directors of your Company has framed and adopted a comprehensive risk management policy/framework at its meeting held on April 12, 2022.

The design, effectiveness and year end testing of the Risk Control Matrix (RCMs) formulated for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information have been verified from time to time by the management.

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The Board of Directors of your Company are of the opinion that at present, there are no major elements of risk, which may threaten the existence of the Company.

29. Cost Record

Pursuant to provision of rule 3 of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, during the financial year 2023-24, the Company was not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

30. Particulars of loans, guarantees or investments under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

Pursuant to section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Meetings of the Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, disclosure relating to loans as on March 31, 2024, is given in Notes to the Financial Statements. During the financial year 2023-24, the Company has not given any guarantee or provided security or made an investment in terms of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules issued thereunder.

31. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013

The Policy on Related Party Transaction was approved by the Board at its meeting held on April 12, 2022, and is available at the registered office of the Company. The details of contracts/arrangements/transactions with Related Parties of your Company referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in Form No. AOC - 2 which is annexed as **Annexure - A** pursuant to section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and forms a part of this Report.

32. The details relating to deposits, covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, the Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013:

- | | | |
|-------|---|------------------|
| (a) | Accepted during the year | - Nil |
| (b) | Remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year | - Nil |
| (c) | Whether there has been any default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year and if so, number of such cases and the total amount involved: | |
| (i) | At the beginning of the year | - Not Applicable |
| (ii) | Maximum during the year | - Not Applicable |
| (iii) | At the end of the year | - Not Applicable |

33. The details of deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013

During the period under review, the Company has not accepted or renewed any deposit within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits)

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Rules, 2014, and as such, no amount of principal or interest was outstanding, as on the date of the Balance Sheet.

34. Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information required under section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 with respect to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo is as under:

- | | |
|--|-------|
| (A) Conservation of energy – | |
| (i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy; | - Nil |
| (ii) The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy; | - Nil |
| (iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment; | - Nil |
| (B) Technology absorption – | |
| (i) The efforts made towards technology absorption; | - Nil |
| (ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution; | - Nil |
| (iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year): | |
| (a) The details of technology imported | - Nil |
| (b) The year of import | - Nil |
| (c) Whether the technology been fully absorbed | - Nil |
| (d) If not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place and the reasons thereof | - Nil |
| (iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development | - Nil |
| (C) Foreign exchange earnings and outgo | - Nil |

35. Compliance with Secretarial Standards

The applicable Secretarial Standards, i.e. SS-1 and SS-2 relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings', respectively have been duly complied by the Company.

36. The details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, there were no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals, which have an impact on the going concern status of the Company and Company's operations in future.

37. Revision of Financial Statements or Board of Directors Report of preceding three financial years

Since the Company has been incorporated on April 04, 2022, the revision of Financial Statements or Board of Directors Report of preceding three financial years is not applicable to the Company.

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38. Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company being a wholly – owned subsidiary of Aditya Birla Renewables Limited, Holding Company, the policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Woman at Workplace, adopted by Holding Company is also applicable to your Company. Further, for the year under review, no cases or complaints were filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

39. Details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year along with their status as at the end of the Financial Year

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, there was no application made and there was no proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016).

40. Details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof

During the financial year ended March 31, 2024, this clause was not applicable to the Company.

41. Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors extend their sincere thanks to the Bankers, Members, Government Authorities and all others associated with the Company for their kind co-operation, continued support, assistance, trust and confidence reposed by them in the Company. The Board of Directors also expresses its sincere appreciation to team for the performance and results during the financial year 2023-24.



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ABREL EPCCO Services Limited

Rajesh Shrivastava
(Rajesh Shrivastava)
Director
DIN: 08757239

Piyush Maheshwari
(Piyush Maheshwari)
Director
DIN: 10442218

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 13, 2024

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ANNEXURE – A

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: **NIL**
2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

Sr. No	Nature of contracts/ transactions/ arrangements	Name of the related party	Nature of relationship	Duration of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any. (Rs. in Lakhs)	Date of approval by the Board, if any	Amount paid as advances, if any
1	Engineering, Procurement, Construction, Supervision, Monitoring, Commissioning and other related service contracts	ABReL (MP) Renewables Limited	Subsidiary of Holding Company	Short Term Contract	Supply Contract for BOS and PV Module 2015.20	Date of Initial Approval January 31, 2023 Date of Contract April 12, 2023 Date of noting by the Board May 05, 2023	N.A.
2	Engineering, Procurement, Construction, Supervision, Monitoring, Commissioning and other related service contracts	ABReL Solar Power Limited	Subsidiary of Holding Company	Short Term Contract	Supply Contract for BOS and PV Module 2502.10	Date of Initial Approval January 31, 2023 Date of Contract April 12, 2023 Date of noting by the Board May 05, 2023	N.A.
3	Engineering, Procurement, Construction, Supervision, Monitoring, Commissioning and other related service contracts	ABReL Century Energy Limited	Subsidiary of Holding Company	Short Term Contract	1 st Amendment to BOS Service 942.31	Date of Approval October 19, 2023 Date of Contract September 13, 2023 Date of noting/ratification by the Board October 19, 2023	N.A.

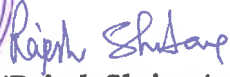
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4	Engineering, Procurement, Construction, Supervision, Monitoring, Commissioning and other related service contracts	ABReL (Odisha) SPV Limited	Subsidiary of Holding Company	Short Term Contract	1 st Amendment to BOS Service 1000.00	Date of Initial Approval January 31, 2023 Date of Contract September 18, 2023 Date of noting by the Board October 19, 2023	N.A.
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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ABReL EPCCO Services Limited


(Rajesh Shrivastava)
Director
DIN: 08757239


(Piyush Maheshwari)
Director
DIN: 10442218


Place: Mumbai
Date: April 13, 2024

Independent Auditor's Report

To
The Members of
ABReL EPCCO Services Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ABReL EPCCO Services Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of Changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information ('the Financial Statements').
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the State of Affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its Profit and Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ('SAs') specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act, and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Financial Statements.

Other Information

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
5. Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



6. In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.
7. When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

8. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the State of Affairs, loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and Cash Flows of the Company in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection of the appropriate accounting software for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations including those related to retention of audit logs; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
9. In preparing the Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
10. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.



12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - 12.1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - 12.2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - 12.3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
 - 12.4. Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - 12.5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

16. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order'), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
17. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - 17.1. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - 17.2. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 18.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rule, 2014.
 - 17.3. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - 17.4. In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules thereunder.
 - 17.5. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - 17.6. The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 17.2 above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 18.8 below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
 - 17.7. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'.
 - 17.8. The provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024, since no managerial remuneration has been paid by the Company during the year.



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18. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- 18.1. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- 18.2. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 18.3. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 18.4. The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 18.5. The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 18.6. Based on such audit procedures, that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under para [18.4] and [18.5] contain any material misstatement.
- 18.7. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not declared or paid dividend during the year, accordingly compliance with section 123 of the Act by the Company is not applicable.



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18.8. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility except for audit trail (edit log) at the database level to document direct data changes. Although restrictions on database administrator accesses are implemented, logs for the year are unavailable to demonstrate modifications in admin rights or any changes made at the database level.

For accounting software for which audit trail feature is enabled, the audit trail facility has been operating throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software and we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with during the course of our audit.

For **KKC & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621



Bharat Jain

Partner

ICAI Membership No: 100583

UDIN: 24100583BKASCO5997



Place: Mumbai

Date: 13 April 2024

Annexure '[A]' to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements of ABReL EPCCO Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph [16] under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- i. (a to d) The Company does not own any Property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') and Intangible assets. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (i) (a) to (d) are not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The Company does not have any inventory. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ii) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits which are secured basis the security of current assets at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions.
- iii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments in or provided any guarantee and security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to other parties during the year in respect of which the requisite information is as below:

Particulars	Guarantee	Security	Loans
Aggregate amount during the year			
Others	Nil	Nil	47,15,280
Balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date in respect of above cases			
Others	Nil	Nil	Nil

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans provided are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts are regular during the year.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan given falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans given to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same party.
- (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to Promoters/Related Parties (as defined in section 2(76) of the Act which are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.



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- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or made any investment or provided any guarantees or securities covered under section 185 and section 186 of the Act Accordingly, paragraph 3(iv) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public during the year in terms of directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India or the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Company is not required to maintain cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 and hence reporting under paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, income-tax and any other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities though there has been a slight delay in a few cases.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income-tax, Goods and Services Tax and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

The provisions relating to provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax are not applicable to the Company.

- (b) We confirm that there are no dues of Goods and Services Tax, income-tax and any other statutory dues, which have not been deposited to/with the appropriate authority on account of any dispute.
- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we confirm that we have not come across any transactions not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loan or other borrowings or in, the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or any other lender.
- (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



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- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(e and f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- x. (a) The Company did not raise money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.

(b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment / private placement of shares / fully / partly / optionally convertible debentures during the year.
- xi. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there has been no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company that has been noticed or reported during the year.

(b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

(c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system under the provision of Section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv)(a) and 3(xiv)(b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company..
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid CoR from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

(c) The Company is not a CIC as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India.



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- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) has more than one CIC as part of the Group. The Group has one CIC which is registered with Reserve Bank of India, 4 CICs which are in process of registration with Reserve Bank of India and 3 CICs which are not required to be registered with the Reserve Bank of India.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly this clause is not applicable / paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The provision of section 135 of the Act pertaining to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For **KKC & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621




Bharat Jain

Partner

ICAI Membership No: 100583

UDIN: 24100583BKASCO5997

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13 April 2024

Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditors' report on the Financial Statements of ABREL EPCCO Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph '17.7' under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act').

Opinion

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements of **ABREL EPCCO Services Limited** ('the Company') as at 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.
2. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has maintained an internal financial control system with reference to the Financial Statements, design whereof needs to be enhanced to make it comprehensive. In our opinion, based on verification of process controls matrixes on test check basis and the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the Guidance Note'), the operating effectiveness of such process controls and appropriate documentation thereof needs to be strengthened to make the same commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business. The enhancements required in the design and the operating effectiveness of the internal financial control system with reference to financial statements does not affect our opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

Management's responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

3. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.



Auditor's responsibility

4. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing ('SA '), prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements. Those SAs and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
5. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to the Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.
6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial Statements

7. A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.



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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial Statements

8. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For **KKC & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Firm Registration Number: 105146W/W100621



Bharat Jain

Partner

ICAI Membership No: 100583

UDIN: 24100583BKASCO5997

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13 April 2024



Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Assets			
Non current assets			
Financial assets			
Other financial assets	3	0.10	0.10
Deferred tax assets (net)	4	68.95	-
		69.05	0.10
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	5	360.70	78.21
Cash and cash equivalents	6	397.59	29.29
Other financial assets	7	25.91	-
Current Tax Assets (net)	8	-	6.81
Other current assets	9	72.22	121.29
		856.42	235.60
Total assets		925.47	235.70
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10	1.00	1.00
Other equity	11	95.60	11.12
Total equity		96.60	12.12
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	12	214.51	2.50
Trade payables	13		
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		362.91	27.88
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		41.07	12.05
Other financial liabilities	14	181.26	31.85
Other current liabilities	15	1.30	149.30
Current Tax Liabilities (net)	16	27.82	-
		828.87	223.58
Total liabilities		828.87	223.58
Total equity and liabilities		925.47	235.70

Summary of material accounting policies

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1 to 33

As per our report attached on even date

For KKC & Associates LLP

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105146W/ W100621

Bharat Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 100583

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13 April 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ABReL EPCCO Services Limited

Rajesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN: 08757239

Piyush Maheshwari
Director
DIN: 10442218

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10 April 2024



Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Income			
Revenue from operations	17	3,977.39	395.13
Other income	18	7.77	-
Total income		3,985.16	395.13
Expenses			
Direct expenses	19	3,615.52	359.21
Finance costs	20	30.74	0.10
Other expenses	21	216.85	20.87
Total expenses		3,863.11	380.17
Profit/ (Loss) before tax		122.05	14.96
Tax expenses			
Current tax		106.52	3.84
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	4	(68.95)	-
Total tax expenses		37.57	3.84
Profit/ (Loss) for the year / period		84.48	11.12
Other comprehensive income for the year / period		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year / period		84.48	11.12
Earnings per equity share of Rs. 10 each			
Basic and diluted	22	844.80	111.19

Summary of material accounting policies 2
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. 1 to 33

As per our report attached on even date
For **KKC & Associates LLP**
(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105146W/ W100621



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ABReL EPCCO Services Limited



Bharat Jain
Partner
Membership No.: 100583



Place: Mumbai
Date: 13 April 2024



Rajesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN: 08757239
Piyush Maheshwari
Director
DIN: 10442218

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 April 2024



Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

A) Equity share capital

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid As at 4 April 2022	-	-
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance as at 31 March 2023	-	-
Issue of equity share capital (note 10)	10,000	1.00
As at 31 March 2023	10,000	1.00

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid As at 1 April 2023	10,000	1.00
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance as at 31 March 2024	10,000	1.00
Issue of equity share capital (note 10)	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	10,000	1.00

B) Other equity

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	Total
As at 4 April 2022	-	-
Additions during the period (note 11)	11.12	11.12
As at 31 March 2023	11.12	11.12

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	Total
As at 1 April 2023	11.12	11.12
Additions during the year (note 11)	84.48	84.48
As at 31 March 2024	95.60	95.60

Summary of material accounting policies (note 2)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report attached on even date

For KKC & Associates LLP

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105146W/ W100621



Bharat Jain

Partner


Membership No.: 100583




Place: Mumbai

Date: 13 April 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ABReL EPCCO Services Limited


Rajesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN: 08757239


Piyush Maheshwari
Director
DIN: 10442218

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10 April 2024



Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit/ (Loss) for the period before tax as per the statement of profit and loss	122.05	14.96
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs	30.74	0.10
Interest income	(7.77)	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	145.02	15.06
Working capital adjustments		
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	(282.49)	(78.21)
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets	(25.05)	(0.10)
(Increase) / Decrease in other assets	49.06	(121.28)
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	364.05	39.93
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	123.88	31.85
Increase / (Decrease) in other liabilities and provisions	(148.02)	149.30
Cash flow from operations	226.45	36.55
Income taxes paid	(73.45)	(10.66)
Cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	153.00	25.89
Cash flow from investing activities		
Inter corporate deposits given	(47.15)	-
Repayment against inter corporate deposits given	47.15	-
Interest received	6.91	-
Cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	6.91	-
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	-	1.00
Proceeds from inter corporate deposits	324.51	2.50
Repayment of inter corporate deposits	(112.50)	-
Interest paid	(3.62)	(0.10)
Cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	208.39	3.40
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	368.30	29.29
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year / period	29.29	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year / period (note 6)	397.59	29.29

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Balance with banks		
In current accounts	67.59	29.29
In deposit accounts - original maturity of less than three months	330.00	-
Total	397.59	29.29

Cash flow statement has been prepared under Indirect method set out in Ind AS 7, prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2015, of the Companies Act, 2013.



Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2024

Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities for the period ended 31 March 2024

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Cashflows (net)	Non cash changes current/non-current classifications/ transaction cost	As at 31 March 2024
Borrowings-current	2.50	212.01	-	214.51
Total	2.50	212.01	-	214.51

Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 04 April 2022	Cashflows (net)	Non cash changes current/non-current classifications/ transaction cost	As at 01 April 2023
Borrowings-current	-	2.50	-	2.50
Total	-	2.50	-	2.50

Summary of material accounting policies (note 2)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For KKC & Associates LLP

(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105146W/ W100621



Bharat Jain

Partner

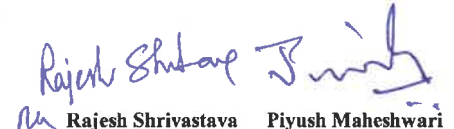
Membership No.: 100583

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13 April 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ABReL EPCCO Services Limited



Rajesh Shrivastava

Director

DIN: 08757239

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10 April 2024

Piyush Maheshwari

Director

DIN: 10442218



ABReL EPCCO Services Limited

CIN: U40108MH2022PLC379924

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. Corporate information

ABReL EPCCO Services Limited (the 'Company') is a public limited Company incorporated on 04 April 2022 and domiciled in India having its registered office located at A-2, Aditya Birla Centre, S K Ahire Marg, Worli, Mumbai – 400 030, Maharashtra, India.

The primary business of the Company is erection and commissioning services for solar power plants.

The financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 10 April 2024.

2. Material accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, (as amended) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable.

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at carrying value which approximates the amortized cost and derivative instruments are measured at fair values at each balance sheet date, as explained in the accounting policies below.

In addition, the carrying values of recognised assets and liabilities designated as hedged items in fair value hedges that would otherwise be carried at amortised cost are adjusted to record changes in the fair values attributable to the risks that are being hedged in effective hedge relationships.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('Rs'), which is also the Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest Lakhs with two decimals except when otherwise indicated. Rs. 0.00 indicates amount less than Rs. 1000.

2.2 Summary of Material accounting policies

a. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification as per the requirements of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the development/acquisition of assets for power generation and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

b. Foreign currencies

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in the statement of profit or loss with the exception of the following:

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

c. Revenue Recognition

- (i) Revenue from Contracts with Customers, with effect from date of incorporation.

The company has applied the following accounting policy for revenue recognition:

Revenue from contracts with customers:

The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on a five step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1. Identify the contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3. Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Step 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company will allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5. Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes and duty. The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The Company has concluded that it is acting as a principal in all of its revenue arrangements.

Revenue from erection and commissioning services.

Revenue from erection and commissioning services., where the outcome can be estimated reliably, is recognised under the percentage of completion method by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity. The stage of completion is measured by calculating the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to the estimated total costs of a contract. Determination of revenues under the percentage of completion method necessarily involves making estimates by the management.

Consideration is adjusted for the time value of money if the period between the transfer of goods or services and the receipt of payment exceeds twelve months and there is a significant financing benefit either to the customer or the Company.

Contract balances

(a) Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

(b) Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's unconditional right to an amount of consideration (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

(c) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(d) Unbilled Revenue

Unbilled revenue represents services rendered by the Company but not invoiced as at the balance sheet date.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principle outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable. Interest income on fixed deposit receipts is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is accounted for when the right to receive the income is established.

d. Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax charge or credit.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India.

Current Tax is measured on the basis of estimated taxable income for the current accounting period in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Current income tax, relating to items recognised outside profit or loss, is recognised outside profit or loss in other comprehensive income (OCI). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction in other comprehensive income. The Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income and not in the statement of profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.



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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

e. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. All other expenses pertaining to borrowing obligations are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consists of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences, if any to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

f. Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques, wherever required, that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques, wherever required, for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable other than quoted prices include in level 1
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques, wherever required, for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values.

Judgments include consideration of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair values of financial instruments.

g. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial recognition and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial Assets:

(i) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

(ii) Equity Investments

Investments in subsidiaries and associate are out of scope of Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments and hence, the Company has accounted for its investment in subsidiaries and associate at cost.



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. In case of trade receivables, the Company follows the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments - for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk of trade receivable. The Company calculates the expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix on the basis of its historical credit loss experience.

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises an associated liability.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition:

- At fair value through profit or loss,
- Loans and borrowings,
- Payables or,
- As derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, if any

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, they are recognized net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings, including derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:



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Financial liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

Loans and borrowings:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company has changed the method of calculation of amortization of loan transaction expenses from cash flow basis to straight-line amortization over the tenure of the loan.

Derecognition of financial liabilities:

The Company de-recognises financial liabilities when and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability de-recognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

h. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby the net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

i. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity holder of Company (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

j. Social Security Code

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code) amended and consolidated the laws relating to social security with the goal to extend social security to all employees and workers either in the organised or unorganised or any other sectors.

In light of the amended code, employers are required to assess the impact of change in definition of wages on their organizations. A change in the definition of wage might have a large impact due to enhanced provision for gratuity/leave, net pay of employees, possible enhanced provision for Provident Fund and other employee benefits dependent on the wages.

The government decided to defer the decision to notify the date of implementation of the code, so the companies are advised to include a disclosure about the impact on transition to the new code in their financial statements. However, once the code becomes effective the entities will be required to evaluate if the changes are a plan amendment or change in actuarial assumption.

k. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent liabilities are possible but not probable obligations as on reporting date, based on the available evidence. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.



I. Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management of the Company to make estimates assumptions and judgments that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates considering different assumptions and conditions. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Impact on account of revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected. The following are the critical estimates, assumptions and judgements that the management have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have a significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

(i). **Useful lives of Property, plant and equipment:**

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by the Management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically.

(ii). **Leases:**

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term and the applicable discount rate.

Ind AS 116 Leases requires a lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes an assessment on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to the Company's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances. After considering current and future economic conditions, the Company has concluded that no changes are required to lease period relating to the existing lease contracts.

(iii). **Measurement of Defined Benefit Obligation:**

Employee defined benefit obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality



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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, employee benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(iv). Provision for income tax and deferred tax assets

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

(v). Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Company estimates the provisions that have present obligations as a result of past events, and it is probable that outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligations. These provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The Company uses significant judgements to disclose contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

(vi). Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

(vii). Allowance for credit losses on receivables

The Company determines the allowance for credit losses based on historical loss experience adjusted to reflect current and estimated future economic conditions. The Company considered current and anticipated future economic conditions relating to industries the Company deals with and the countries where it operates.

(viii). Impairment of non- financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre- tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. In determining fair value less cost of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no



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such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share price for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

2.3 New and amended standards

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. As on 31 March 2024, no new standards or amendments are issued or notified.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

3 Other Financial Assets - Non Current

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Security deposits (unsecured, considered good)	0.10	0.10
Total	0.10	0.10

4 Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (net)

31 March 2024

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Recognised in		As at 31 March 2024
		P&L	OCI	
Deferred tax assets				
Delayed payment of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (note a)	-	68.95	-	68.95
Business losses and unabsorbed depreciation	-	-	-	-
	-	68.95	-	68.95
Deferred tax liabilities				
Accelerated depreciation for tax purposes	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (net)	-	68.95	-	68.95

31 March 2023

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	As at 4 April 2022	Recognised in		As at 31 March 2023
		P&L	OCI	
Deferred tax assets				
Business losses and unabsorbed depreciation	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities				
Accelerated depreciation for tax purposes	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (net)	-	-	-	-

Note:

a) Recognized on disallowances under Income-tax Act, 1961 which will be available to offset future taxable income of the Company.

5 Trade receivables

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Receivables from related parties (Note 23)	360.70	78.21
Total	360.70	78.21

Break up for security details

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	360.70	78.21
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk [note 29]	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired [note 29]	-	-
Total	360.70	78.21



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024
Trade Receivables ageing schedule

As at 31 March 2024

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	284.57	76.12	-	-	-	360.70
Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	284.57	76.12	-	-	-	360.70
Not Due (B)						-
Less: Allowance for Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk/credit impaired (C)						-
Net Total (A+B-C)	284.57		-	-	-	360.70

As at 31 March 2023

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	78.21	-	-	-	-	78.21
Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	78.21	-	-	-	-	78.21
Not Due (B)						-
Less: Allowance for Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk/credit impaired (C)						-
Net Total (A+B-C)	78.21	-	-	-	-	78.21

No trade or other receivable is due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. No receivables are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

6 Cash and cash equivalents

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	67.59	29.29
In deposit accounts - original maturity of less than three months	330.00	-
Total	397.59	29.29

7 Other financial assets

(Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest accrued on deposits	0.86	-
Other receivables from related parties (note 23)	7.21	-
Other receivables	17.84	-
Total	25.91	-

8 Current tax assets (net)

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Advance income tax and TDS/TCS Receivables (net of provision of Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. 3.84 lakhs)	-	6.81
Total	-	6.81



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Profit/ (Loss) before tax as per the Statement of Profit and Loss	122.05	14.96
Applicable tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed tax expense	30.72	3.76
Income tax effect of:		
Non deductible expenses	6.85	0.08
Total	6.85	0.08
Net tax expense as per Statement of Profit and Loss	37.57	3.84
Effective tax rate	30.78%	25.68%

9 Other current assets

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Balances with government authorities	35.98	-
Prepaid expenses	-	1.82
Advance to vendors	16.26	91.31
Other advances	-	4.31
Contract Cost Asset	19.98	23.84
Total	72.22	121.28



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

10 Equity share capital

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Authorised share capital 5,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each (31 March 2023: 5,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each)	50.00	50.00
Issued, Subscribed and paid up equity capital 10,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each (31 March 2023: 10,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each)	1.00	1.00

(a) Reconciliation of the Number of Equity Shares Outstanding

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	No. of Shares	Rs. in Lakhs	No. of Shares	Rs. in Lakhs
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year / period	10,000	1.00	-	-
Issue of shares during the year / period	-	-	10,000	1.00
Number of shares outstanding at the end of the year / period	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00

(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of the equity shares held by the shareholders.

There are no bonus shares issued or shares issued for consideration other than cash or shares bought back since the inception of the Company.

(c) Aditya Birla Renewables Limited is the holding company with 100% shareholding. Grasim Industries Limited is the ultimate holding company through its 100% share holding in Aditya Birla Renewables Limited.

(d) Shareholding of Promoters and Promoters Group

Name of the Promoter	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%
Total	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

(e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity share capital in the Company:

Name of the Promoter	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%
Total	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

11 Other equity

Particulars	(Rs.in Lakhs)	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Opening balance	11.12	-
Profit / (loss) for the year / period	84.48	11.12
Closing balance	95.60	11.12

12 Borrowings

Particulars	(Rs.in Lakhs)	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Current		
Unsecured		
Inter corporate deposits	214.51	2.50
Total current borrowings	214.51	2.50

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Gross amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Carrying value (Rs. in Lakhs)	Interest rate (%)	Repayment terms
Unsecured				
Inter corporate deposits				
ABReL Century Energy Limited	214.51	214.51	9.84%	Inter corporate deposit is repayable on or before 30 September 2024.
Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	-	-	NA	Not Applicable
Total	214.51	214.51		

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Gross amount (Rs.in Lakhs)	Carrying value (Rs.in Lakhs)	Effective interest rate (%)	Repayment terms
Unsecured				
Inter corporate deposits				
Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	2.50	2.50	8.95%	The loan is repayable on or before 12 April 2023
Total	2.50	2.50		

Charge

The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

13 Trade payables

Particulars	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (note 25)	362.91	27.88
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	41.07	12.05
Total	403.98	39.93

Trade payables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
	As at 31 March 2024 (Rs.in Lakhs)					
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	280.70	82.21	-	-	362.91
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	39.85	1.22	-	-	41.07
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	320.55	83.42	-	-	403.98

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
	As at 31 March 2023 (Rs.in Lakhs)					
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	27.88	-	-	-	27.88
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	12.05	-	-	-	12.05
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	39.93	-	-	-	39.93

Terms and conditions of trade payables:

Trade payables are non interest bearing and credit period varies as per the terms of the contract/ work order/ purchase order executed with each vendor.

14 Other financial liabilities

Particulars	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Provision for expenses	4.86	4.65
Other payables (includes interest to micro, small and medium enterprises)*	26.19	12.57
Payable to related parties (note 23)		
- ICD interest accrued but not due	-	0.09
- Deputation charges	8.07	14.54
- Customer claim payable	142.14	-
Total	181.26	31.85

* Includes amount of Rs. 25.63 lakhs (31 March 2023: Nil) payable to micro, small and medium enterprises (note-25)

15 Other current liabilities

Particulars	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Statutory liabilities		
Tax Deducted at Source	1.30	15.11
Goods and Service Tax payable	-	23.74
Advance from customers	-	110.46
Total	1.30	149.31

16 Current Tax Liabilities (net)

Particulars	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Provision for income tax (net of advance tax of Rs 80.29 lakhs (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil))	27.82	-
Total	27.82	-



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

17 Revenue from operations

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Erection and Commission (as per contract)	3,977.39	395.13
Total	3,977.39	395.13

Contract balances	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade receivables (including related party dues {note 5})	360.70	78.21
	360.70	78.21

Performance obligation is satisfied on the supply of power and payment due is as per the terms of the PPA.

Transaction Price - Remaining Performance Obligation

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognised as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognise these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company recognises revenue for the amount it has the right to invoice (i.e., on an as-invoiced basis) since the amount corresponds to the value it transfers to the customer. Hence, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts as the revenue recognised corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

18 Other income

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Interest:		
On Deposits	5.80	-
On Others (including interest on income tax refunds, etc.)	0.06	-
On Inter corporate deposits	1.91	-
Total	7.77	-

19 Direct expenses

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Purchase cost	3,615.52	359.21
Total	3,615.52	359.21

20 Finance costs

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Interest cost on borrowings	3.52	0.10
Interest on delayed payment of Micro and Small Enterprises	25.63	-
Interest on income tax	1.59	-
Total	30.74	0.10



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

21 Other expenses

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Rates and taxes	0.08	1.46
Deputation charges	20.37	12.32
Travelling and conveyance expenses	3.44	0.64
Insurance expenses	4.52	0.31
Legal and professional fees	28.08	2.16
Payment to statutory auditors {refer note (a) below}	3.86	3.80
Customer claims	142.14	-
Miscellaneous expenses	14.36	0.18
Total	216.85	20.87

Note (a):

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Payment to statutory auditors	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
As auditor		
Statutory audit fees	3.27	3.80
Tax audit fees	0.50	-
Out of pocket expenses	0.09	-
Total	3.86	3.80



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

22 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
Profit/ (Loss) attributable to Equity shareholders (Rs.in Lakhs)	84.48	11.12
Weighted average number of Equity shareholders for basic and diluted EPS	10,000	10,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)	844.80	111.19

23 Related party transactions

Name of related parties and description of relationship with whom transactions have taken place during the year ended 31 March 2024

(A) Related parties where control exists

1. Holding Company

Aditya Birla Renewables Limited (100%)

2. Ultimate Holding Company

Grasim Industries Limited (through its 100% holding in Aditya Birla Renewables Limited)

(B) Other related parties

1. Fellow subsidiaries of Holding / Ultimate Holding Company

Aditya Birla Renewables Solar Limited

ABReL Solar Power Limited

ABReL (MP) Renewables Limited

ABReL Century Energy Limited

ABReL Green Energy Limited

ABReL (Odisha) SPV Limited

Aditya Birla Renewables SPV 1 Limited

ABReL SPV 2 Limited

ABREL EPC Limited

ABREL Renewables EPC Limited

2. Key managerial personnel

Mr. Hemant Kumar Kadel, Director (w.e.f 04 April 2022)

Mr. Pawan Kumar Jain, Director (w.e.f. 04 April 2022 upto 31 January 2024)

Mr. Rajesh Shrivastava, Director (w.e.f. 04 April 2022)

Mr. Piyush Maheshwari, Director (w.e.f. 01 February 2024)

Details of transactions with related parties:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
1	Allotment of equity shares including securities premium Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	-	1.00
2	Inter corporate deposits taken Aditya Birla Renewables Limited Principal Interest charged to profit and loss statement	110.00 3.52	2.50 0.10
	ABReL Century Energy Limited Principal	214.51	-
3	Inter corporate deposits repaid Aditya Birla Renewables Limited Principal Interest (net of TDS)	112.50 3.21	- -



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

4	Inter corporate deposits given		
	ABREL EPC Limited		
	Principal	47.15	-
	Interest income	1.91	-
5	Repayment against inter corporate deposits given		
	ABREL EPC Limited		
	Principal	47.15	-
	Interest	1.72	-
6	Revenue from operations		
	Aditya Birla Renewables Solar Limited	656.53	174.67
	ABReL Solar Power Limited	924.91	212.27
	ABReL (MP) Renewables Limited	591.92	5.08
	ABReL Green Energy Limited	142.94	3.12
	ABReL (Odisha) SPV Limited	946.13	-
	ABReL Century Energy Limited	627.67	-
	ABReL SPV 2 Limited	87.30	-
7	Advance received from customer		
	ABReL Century Energy Limited	-	18.06
	Aditya Birla Renewables Solar Limited	-	233.82
	ABReL Solar Power Limited	-	173.91
	ABReL Green Energy Limited (Gross of GST)	-	88.11
8	Deputation charges		
	Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	14.50	12.32
	Aditya Birla Renewables SPV 1 Limited	5.86	-
9	Reimbursement of expense (receivables)		
	Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	1.62	-
	ABReL Solar Power Limited	18.67	-
	ABReL (MP) Renewables Limited	28.10	-
	ABReL Green Energy Limited	19.35	-
	Aditya Birla Renewables Solar Limited	1.78	-
	ABREL Renewables EPC Limited	3.60	-
10	Customer claims (payable)		
	ABReL Solar Power Limited	29.06	-
	ABReL Green Energy Limited	113.08	-



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Details of closing balances of related parties		(Rs. in Lakhs)	
Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	Closing balance		
1	Share capital including securities premium Aditya Birla Renewables Limited	1.00	1.00
2	Inter corporate deposits taken including interest (net of TDS) Aditya Birla Renewables Limited Principal Interest	214.51 -	2.50 0.09
	ABReL Century Energy Limited Principal	214.51	-
3	Trade receivables ABReL Solar Power Limited ABReL (MP) Renewables Limited ABReL Green Energy Limited Aditya Birla Renewables Solar Limited ABREL (Odisha) SPV Limited ABREL SPV 2 Limited	53.80 21.25 2.82 126.89 108.83 47.12	72.32 5.89 - - - -
4	Advance from customer ABReL Century Energy Limited Aditya Birla Renewables Solar Limited ABReL Green Energy Limited Advance received (Gross of GST) Advance received (Net of GST)	- - - -	15.30 23.48 84.55 71.65
5	Deputation charges payable Aditya Birla Renewables Limited Aditya Birla Renewables SPV 1 Limited	5.89 2.18	14.54 -
6	Reimbursement of expense (receivable) ABReL (MP) Renewables Limited ABReL Solar Power Limited	2.90 4.31	- -
7	Customer claims payable ABReL Solar Power Limited ABReL Green Energy Limited	29.06 113.08	- -

Note: Related party relationships as per Ind AS 24 have been identified by the management had relied upon by the auditors. All the transactions are carried at arm's length price Closing balances are presented net of taxes.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are in the ordinary course of business and are on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related parties and the market in which the related parties operate.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

24 Segment information

The Company is engaged into one reportable business segment i.e. 'erection and commissioning services for solar power plants'. No other operating segment has been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segment. The Company's revenue, result, assets and liabilities are reported to the management for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

25 Details of micro enterprises and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Principal amount due to micro enterprises and small enterprises (including capital creditors)	362.91	27.88
Interest due on above	25.63	-
Amount of interest paid during the period	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act 2006	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting period	25.63	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006.	-	-

The information has been given in respect of such vendors to the extent they would be identified as "Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises" on the basis of information available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors.

26 Capital Commitments

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Estimated amount to be paid for contracts executed on	-	-
Total	-	-

27 There are contingent liabilities amounting to Rs. Nil (Rs. Nil as at 31 March 2023).

28 Financial instruments - fair value measurements

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying value		Fair value	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Financial assets				
Measured at amortised cost				
Trade receivables (note 5)	360.70	78.21	360.70	78.21
Other financial assets (note 3) (note 7)	26.01	0.10	26.01	0.10
Cash and cash equivalents (note 6)	397.59	29.29	397.59	29.29
Total	784.30	107.60	784.30	107.60
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortised cost				
Borrowings (note 12)	214.51	2.50	214.51	2.50
Trade payables (note 13)	403.98	39.93	403.98	39.93
Other financial liabilities (note 14)	181.26	31.85	181.26	31.85
Total	799.75	74.28	799.75	74.28

The Company has assessed that trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets, trade payables and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term nature of the instruments. Long term Borrowings are evaluated based on parameters such as interest rate and risk characteristic of financial project. Based on the evaluation, no impact has been identified.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

29 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of borrowings, trade payables, other payables and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, other financial assets and cash and cash equivalents that arise directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

(A) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments, including investments and deposits, payables and borrowings.

The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

The sources of risks which the Company is exposed to and their management is given below:

Risk	Exposure arising	Measurement	Management
Interest rate risk	Long term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis, interest rate movements	Interest rate swaps and loan takeover for long term borrowings diversification
Credit risk	Trade receivables, derivative financial instruments	Ageing analysis, credit rating	Credit monitoring, credit limit and credit worthiness monitoring of the counter parties
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other financial liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Borrowing facilities diversification

Details relating to the risks are provided here below:

(A) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in prevailing market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk due to changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating interest rates. Interest rate sensitivity has been calculated assuming the borrowings outstanding at the reporting date have been outstanding for the entire reporting period. The Company constantly monitors the credit markets and revisits its financing strategies to achieve an optimal maturity profile and financing cost.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis for 1% change in rate

Effect on profit before tax	Rate impact	Loan outstanding	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
			Amount	
31 March 2024	1%	214.51	2.15	
31 March 2023	1%	2.50	0.03	

(B) Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a customer contract or financial instrument, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables and from its financing/investing activities, including deposits with banks and foreign exchange transactions.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure.

a. Trade receivables

The Company has already evaluated the credit worthiness of its customers and did not find any credit risk related to trade receivables. As per simplified approach, the Company makes provision of expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix on the basis of its historical credit loss experience to mitigate the risk of default in payments and makes appropriate provision at each reporting date wherever outstanding is for longer period and involves higher risk.

Total trade receivables as on 31 March 2024 is Rs. 360.70 lakhs (31 March 2023 is Rs. 78.21 lakhs)



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

b. Cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents, deposits, is generally low as the Company has transacted with reputed banks.

(C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The management is responsible for managing liquidity, funding as well as settlement. Further the management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below provides details of financial liabilities further, based on contractual undiscounted payments.

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
As at 31 March 2024	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Borrowings*	214.51	-	-	-	214.51
Trade payables	403.98	-	-	-	403.98
Other financial liabilities	181.26	-	-	-	181.26
Total	799.75	-	-	-	799.75

*The maturity profile of borrowings is as per the actual cash flows.

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
As at 31 March 2023	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Borrowings*	2.50	-	-	-	2.50
Trade payables	39.93	-	-	-	39.93
Other financial liabilities	31.85	-	-	-	31.85
Total	74.28	-	-	-	74.28

*The maturity profile of borrowings is as per the actual cash flows.

(D) Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide maximum returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders.

The Company monitors capital using debt to equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loan and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents, excluding discontinued operations.

(Rs. in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
Borrowings	214.51
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(397.59)
Net debt	(183.08)
Equity	96.60
Gearing Ratio	(1.90)



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

30 Key Ratios

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	Unit	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	% Change	Reason for variation*
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	Times	1.03	1.05	-1.95%	Not Applicable
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	Times	2.22	0.21	976.30%	Ratio is higher in current year due to increase in inter corporate deposits taken.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Profit After Tax+Depreciation+Finance Cost-Unrealised Gain on Investment+Deferred Tax+Other Adjustments like loss on sale of	Total actual Interest + Principle Repayment of Long Term Borrowing + Principle Lease Payment	Times	Not applicable	108.30	NA	Not Applicable
Return on Equity Ratio	Profit After Tax	Average Shareholder's Equity	Times	1.55	0.92	69.40%	Ratio is higher in current year due to increase in profit.
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of Good Sold	Average Inventories	Times	Not applicable			
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivables	Times	18.12	5.05	258.73%	Ratio is higher in current year due to increase in revenue.
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Direct expenses	Average Trade Payables	Times	16.29	9.00	81.08%	Ratio is higher in current year due to increase in expenses.
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Working Capital	Times	144.37	32.86	339.35%	Ratio is higher in current year due to increase in revenues.
Net Profit Ratio	Profit After Tax	Revenue from Operations	%	2.12%	2.81%	-0.69%	Not Applicable
Return on Capital employed	Earning Before Interest and Taxes	Capital Employed=(Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability)	%	49.11%	103.01%	-53.90%	Ratio is lower in current year due to increase in inter corporate deposits taken.
Return on Investment	Interest Income	Average Investment	%	3.51%	Not applicable	NA	The ratio was not applicable in previous year as there was no investment.

*Reason in case variation is more than 25%

31 Other statutory information

- The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
 - The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
 - The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
 - The Company has not entered into any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
 - The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender
 - The Company does not have any intangible Assets, thus, disclosures relating to revaluation of Intangible Assets is not applicable.
 - The Company has not revalued its property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of use Assets), thus valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017 is not applicable.
 - The Company is in compliance with the number of layers prescribed under Clause (87) of Section 2 of the Companies Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
 - The borrowed funds have been utilised for the specific purpose for which the funds were raised.
 - The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
 - The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding Party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
- 32 Customer claim pertains to the liability of Rs 142.14 Lakhs arising from damages incurred during a fire incident at the project site during plant commissioning. The company is currently in the process of pursuing an insurance claim to recover the amounts payable to the affected project customers
- 33 Previous period figures are for the period from 04 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 and hence are not comparable to current full year.

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our report attached on even date
For KKC & Associates LLP
(formerly Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP)
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105146W/ W100621

Bharat Jain
Partner
Membership No.: 100583

Place: Mumbai
Date: 13 April 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ABReL EPCCO Services Limited

Rajesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN: 08757239

Piyush Maheshwari
Director
DIN: 10442218

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 April 2024

